

MATH 140A Review: Inequalities and Absolute Values

Facts to Know:

Properties of inequalities:

1. (addition) $a \leq b$ iff $a + \epsilon \leq b + \epsilon$
2. (multiplication by $\epsilon > 0$) $a \leq b$ iff $a \cdot \epsilon \leq b \cdot \epsilon$
3. (multiplication by $\epsilon < 0$) $a \leq b$ iff $a \cdot \epsilon \geq b \cdot \epsilon$

Properties of absolute value:

1. The absolute value of x is defined by $|x| = \begin{cases} x & , \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ -x & , \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$
2. $|x| < \epsilon$ iff $-\epsilon < x < \epsilon$
3. $|a \cdot b| = |a| \cdot |b|$
4. Does $|a + b| = |a| + |b|$ generally hold? $0 = |1 - 1| \neq |1| + |1| = 2$
5. $|a + b| \leq |a| + |b|$

Example: Let $n = 1, 2, \dots$. Determine for what values of n the following holds

$$\left| \frac{7n+5}{3n-4} - \frac{7}{3} \right| < \frac{1}{2020}. \quad (*)$$

Solution. $(*)$ holds iff

$$-\frac{1}{2020} < \frac{7n+5}{3n-4} - \frac{7}{3} < \frac{1}{2020}$$

iff

$$-\frac{1}{2020} + \frac{7}{3} < \frac{7n+5}{3n-4} < \frac{1}{2020} + \frac{7}{3}. \quad (**)$$

If $n=1$, then $(*)$ is false. If $n \geq 2$,

then $3n-4 > 0$. Thus, $(**) holds iff$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{-(3n-4)}{2020} + 7n - \frac{7.4}{3} &< 7n + 5 \\ &< \frac{3n-4}{2020} + 7n - \frac{7.4}{3} \\ &\text{iff} \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{(3n-4)}{2020} < 5 + \frac{7.4}{3} < \frac{3n-4}{2020}.$$

Since $-\frac{(3n-4)}{2020} < 0 < 5 + \frac{7.4}{3}$, then
we only need to focus on:

$$\begin{aligned} 5 + \frac{7.4}{3} &< \frac{3n-4}{2020} \\ &\text{iff} \end{aligned}$$

$$9652.4 \approx \left[\left(5 + \frac{7.4}{3} \right) 2020 + 4 \right]^{1/3} < n.$$

Thus, $(*) holds iff $n \geq 9653$.$

□